

Prometheus Overview

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Account Management

- What is account management?
- What are we managing? Accounts, Identities?
- People and other Entities (machines, agents)
- AM system sits between central databases and our services
- Ensures changes flow from databases to services

Where We Were

- Central databases (IDMS, school db, LCFG, ...)
- LDAP, KDC, AFS pts, AFS vldb, ...
- Also, per-service databases (jabber, ...)
- Centralised vs decentralised
- Some automation (db to ldap)
- Manual account creation
- Some adhoc manual updating

Problems

- Fragmented management
- Deletions often didn't occur
- Limited support for different account types (machines, lightweight accts)
- Difficult to extend for new services
- Difficult to detect problems
- Heavy support burden at times (new intake)
- Too centralised

Introducing Prometheus

- Simon wrote “Musings On Accounts” - September 2007
- Further design 2007 onwards
- Coding started 2009
- System went live August 2010
- All accounts created and modified automatically since then

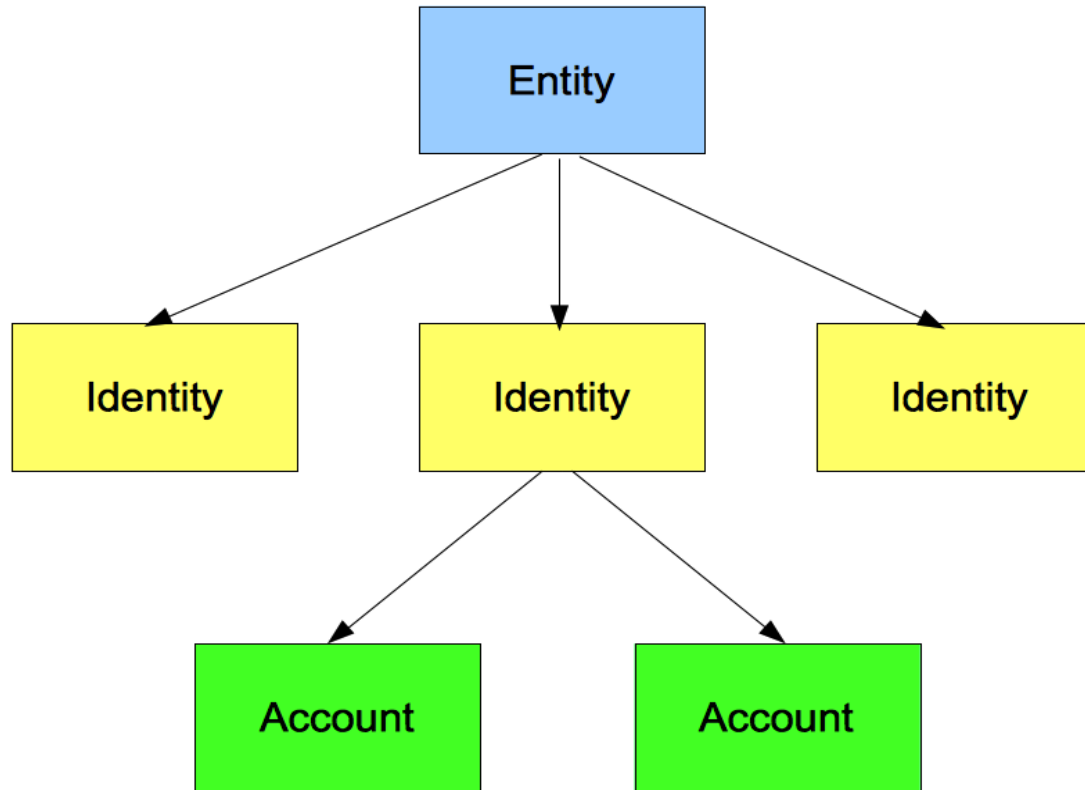
Roles/Entitlements

- We've used Roles and ~~Capabilities~~ Entitlements from the beginning
- Roles describe functions that a user performs
- Entitlements determine what a user can do
- Roles contain entitlements, negated entitlements and other roles
- Very powerful and flexible

Account/Identity Modelling

- Traditionally one person has one identity
- This isn't flexible enough
- We need and use multi-faceted identities
- Need to manage entitlements for these different identities
- Some need more access (me/admin), others need less (me/cron)
- Where do 'accounts' fit in?

Prometheus: Entity Tree Store



Prometheus: Datastores

- A datastore lets us talk to sources of data
- These can be databases, ldap, files, kdcs, almost anything
- Generally, they consist of stores of objects
- Provides a consistent interface to read, modify and delete objects
- Can provide access to all data or a filtered subset

Prometheus: Conduits

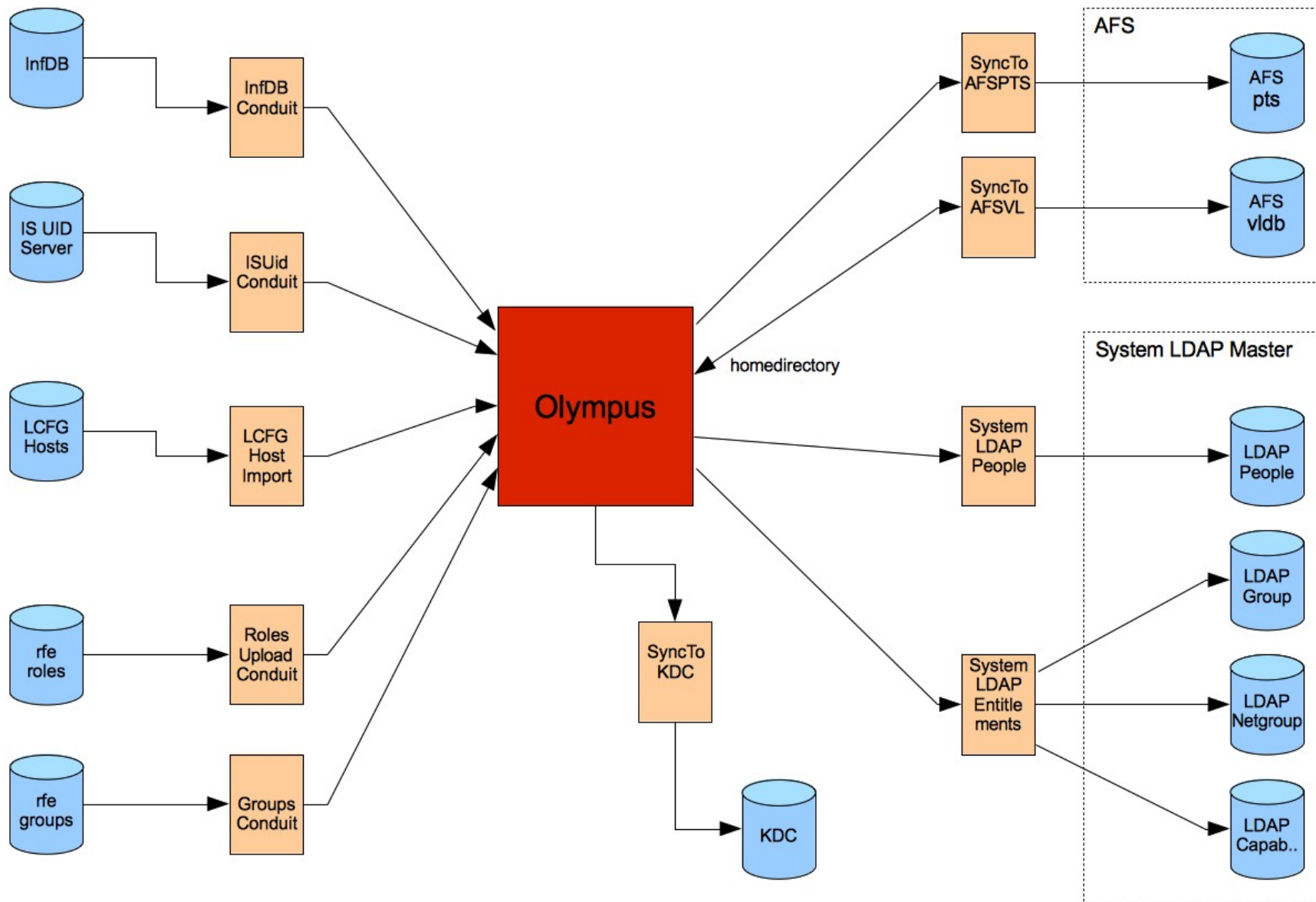
- Conduits connect datastores
- One-to-one is typical, but can also use a single store or many stores
- Conduits are responsible for flows of data
- They manage any necessary data transformation
- Currently run in a loop, but can be event-driven
- Can also report errors

Prometheus: Auditing

- How do we find out about data problems (e.g. uid mismatch)?
- Conduits do auditing as well as synchronisation
- The audit can do anything, but typically follows the same logic as the sync
- Reports the changes that a sync would make
- Invaluable in tidying up our data

Prometheus: Olympus

- Olympus is the name given to the set of stores representing prometheus's data
- Differentiates from Prometheus as a wider system
- Includes entity tree store, roles, groups, audit errors, conduit configuration, etc.
- All help in openldap directory



Where We Are Now

- Central store of data
- Decentralised management of stores
- Consistent data flow
- All user accounts automatically generated
- Support for multi-faceted identities
- Support for different account types
- Highly extensible architecture
- Auditing

Where We're Going

- Full automation of entire account lifecycle
- Users should be able to manage their IDs
- Users could bring up their own services
- Better audit/error management
- Data tidy-up
- Roles tidy-up
- More conduits
- General tidy-up, packaging, etc.

Technical Details

- All prometheus data stored in openldap directory
- lcfg-prometheus manages slapd
- LDAP schema for prometheus objects automatically generated
- All code written in OO Perl, using Moose
- Developed using git/gerrit
- Comprehensive test suite

Problems/Issues

- It's taken longer than originally anticipated
- Our data was/is a mess
- Main conduit run needs to be speeded up
 - delta syncrepl
 - Parallelisation
- Knowledge needs to be spread

More Information

- <https://wiki.inf.ed.ac.uk/DICE/PrometheusOverview>